115/34.5KV SOLAR PLANT & SUBSTATION

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IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY

Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering

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AGENDA

- Safety Moment
- Project Overview
- Prototype
- Implications and next steps



SAFETY MOMENT

Safety Moment – Heavy Machinery

Hazard: Heavy equipment such as cranes used in solar farm construction pose risks of crushing, injuries, accidents, and property damage if not properly operated.

Recommendations:

- Certified and Trained Personnel: Ensure only qualified operators handle machinery.
- Communication System: Establish clear communication channels for safe operations.
- Maintain a Safe Perimeter: Set boundaries to keep unauthorized personnel at a safe distance.
- Situational Awareness: Stay aware of surroundings and nearby operators.
- Visual and Audio Cues: Pay close attention to signals from operating machinery.
- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Verify that all required PPE is worn in and around machinery.





PROJECT OVERVIEW

115/34.5kV Solar Plant & Substation

- Our project is to develop a solar plant in Luna County, NM and substation with 115 KV as the primary side of the transformer and 34.5 KV as the secondary side for end user.
- Photovoltaic (PV) Modules are used to convert solar energy into DC electricity.
- Inverters are used to convert DC to AC then connect to the low side of the transformer.



Project Information

Because of increasing utility renewable energy requirements, Iowa State University has been involved in the development of a 115/34.5kV Distribution Substation and a 60 MW Solar Plant. Our team will manage the whole design process, from the solar layout, electrical layout through all associated construction deliverables. The reliability and safety of the substation will be ensured with critical calculations such as load-flow analysis, short-circuit studies, system protection, and grounding. Our team will then develop an original tool that will be utilized for the optimization of elements of conceptual design. In this process, creative problem-solving is encouraged. Black & Veatch will give the conceptual design information and standards that shall guide our team throughout the project.





PROTOTYPE

SOLAR ARRAY PROTOTYPE

- First array prototype helped us figure out where certain items like the combiner boxes and inverters should be placed, we decided the components should be more central
- The first prototype helped understand the connection between our research and an actual design
- This is based on the distance between components and the voltage drop created by this





- Using what we found from our first iteration, we moved the inverters and combiner boxes to a better location
- The combiner boxes are centralized on the row and the inverter is more central on the array

IMPLICATIONS

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• We will use what we learned from our original prototypes to develop an optimized array that fits in the plot of land we selected.



THANK YOU

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